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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/831,907	09/18/2001	Jean-Claude Beauvillain	208888USOPCT	3062
22850	7590 01/26/2004		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			SULLIVAN, DANIEL M	
	STREET RIA, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MEEMINE	Min, 171 2231.		1636	

DATE MAILED: 01/26/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Advisory Action	09/831,907	BEAUVILLAIN ET AL.
riationy riodon	Examiner	Art Unit
·	Daniel M Sullivan	1636
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
THE REPLY FILED 02 January 2004 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applica a timely filed amendment whicl	ation. A proper reply to a h
PERIOD FOR RE	PLY [check either a) or b)]	
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date		·
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Is ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f).	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF TH	g date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 C	f extension and the corresponding amo the shortened statutory period for reply be later than three months after the mail	unt of the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF		
2. \square The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:	
(a) 🔲 they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	elow);	
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or	better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying the
(d) they present additional claims without canceling NOTE:	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claims.
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	ion(s): See Continuation Sheet.	
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	parate, timely filed amendment
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: See	reconsideration has been consideration Sheet.	dered but does NOT place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY to	o issues which were newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims wo	(s) a)∭ will not be entered or b) ould be rejected is provided belo	⊠ will be entered and an wor appended.
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		
Claim(s) allowed:		
Claim(s) objected to: <u>16 and</u> 17.		
Claim(s) rejected: 1,9,10,14 and 15.		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 3-8,11-13.		
8. The drawing correction filed on <u>02 January 2004</u> is	a)⊠ approved or b)□ disapp	roved by the Examiner
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen		
10. Other:	(a)(Chand Juzo
		PRIMARY EXAMINER

Continuation of 3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): Rejection of claim 14 stands 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as indefinite.

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Claims 9 and 10 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. In the Remarks, Applicant urges that the rejection is completely without merit because the skilled artisan would possess sufficient abilities on the basis of the present disclosure and the skill generally available in the art to admix the inventive polypeptides with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle without undue experimentation. This argument has been fully considered but is not deemed persuasive. Applicant asserts that the enabling disclosure must teach the skilled artisan how to make "or" use the invention (page 10, emphasis added). However, the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112 actually states, "The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make 'and' use the same, and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention." (emphasis added). Thus, the enabling disclosure must teach how to use, as well as make, a claimed composition. The Office interprets claims directed to "pharmaceutical compositions" as compositions to be used as pharmaceuticals. Therefore, the enabling disclosure must teach the skilled artisan how to use the composition therapeutically. For reasons of record, the specification does not provide teachings that would enable the skilled artisan to use the disclosed polypeptides as pharmaceuticals. Therefore, claims to pharmaceutical compositions, or methods of making pharmaceutical compositions, are not enabled because the skilled artisan would not be able to use the claimed invention without first engaging in undue experimentation. It is noted that claims to the composition and method of making the composition would be enabled if they were not limited to being pharmaceutical.

Claims 1, 9, 10, 14 and 15 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Culp et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,075,137. Applicant has amended the claims such that they are no longer directed to a polypeptide selected from the human sequence 3 and argues that Culp et al. does not anticipate the sequence set forth as SEQ ID NO: 2 because, "the present claims are specifically drawn to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2 and not long polypeptides that happen to have a stretch that is identical to the claimed sequence" (page 9). However, the Office interprets any claim to an amino acid sequence not explicitly limited to "consisting of" the disclosed sequence as reading on any sequence comprising the disclosed sequence. In the instant claims, the phrase "consisting of" appears to be referring to the Markush group and does not limit the sequences within that group to consisting of the named sequences. Therefore, to the extent that the sequence disclosed in Culp et al. comprises SEQ ID NO: 2, the claims are anticipated by the prior art.

Please note: The previous Office Action states, "[t]his application contains claims 3-8 and 11-13 drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in Paper No. 11. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01" (page 2). A response to the present Office Action that does not address the non-elected subject matter will be deemed nonresponsive..